

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR): UPDATED GUIDELINES

On 22nd January, 2021, the Indian Ministry of Corporate Affairs updated the existing CSR guidelines. Following is a summary of the same. It should be noted that other provisions related to CSR shall continue to remain in force.

In this article,

- 1. Act means the Companies Act, 2013
- 2. **Board** means Board of Directors of a company

I. COMPLIANCE TO BE UNDERTAKEN BY COMPANIES LIABLE TO CSR

Sr.	Particulars	Compliance
No.		
1.	CSR Activities	Henceforth, your CSR activities shall not include any activity which is/will: A. Done by the you in pursuance to normal course of business B. Executed outside India C. Consists contribution of any amount directly or indirectly to any political party D. Benefit employees of the company E. Done on sponsorship basis for deriving marketing benefits F. For fulfilment of any other statutory obligations under any law
2.	CSR Implementing entity	A. Each CSR implementing entity: a. Must be registered under the Section 8 of the Act, or must be a registered Trust or must be a registered Society under respective governing legislations (established by the company, either singly or along with any other company or such entity can also be an independent entity having no relationship with the

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Additional

management

Board

Duties

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company). Such entity shall also be registered under section 12A and 80G of the Income Tax Act having an established track record of at least three years in undertaking similar activities (Registration under section 12A & 80G of Income Tax Act as well as track record of three years not required if such entity is established by the Central Government or State Government) OR b. Must be established under an Act of Parliament or a State legislature B. Every CSR implementing entity shall register itself and obtain a unique CSR Registration number with the Central Government by filing the form CSR-1 electronically with effect from the O1st day of April 2021 A. Chief Financial Officer or the person responsible for financial management shall now certify that CSR funds so disbursed have been utilised for the purposes and in the manner as approved by the Board. B. In case of ongoing projects, the Board of a company shall monitor the implementation of the project with reference to the approved timelines and year-wise allocation and shall be competent to make modifications, if any, for smooth implementation of the project within the overall permissible time period C. The Board shall ensure that the administrative overheads shall not exceed five percent of total CSR expenditure

- of the company for the financial year.
- D. Any surplus arising out of the CSR activities shall not form part of the business profit of a company and shall be ploughed back into the same project or shall be transferred to the Unspent CSR Account and spent in pursuance of CSR policy and annual action plan of the company or transfer such surplus amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII (of the Act), within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year
- E. If excess amount is spent by the Company then such



		excess amount may be set off against the requirement
		to spend CSR up to immediately succeeding three
		financial years subject to passing a Board Resolution to
		that effect. It should be noted that the excess amount
		available for set off shall not include the surplus arising
		out of the CSR activities
		F. The CSR amount may be spent by a company for creation
		or acquisition of a capital asset subject to conditions
		G. The company is required to display its CSR activities on its
		website.
4.	CSR Committees	A. Discharge of CSR Committee: Where the amount to be
4.	CSR Committees	_
		CSR funds to be spent by a company does not exceed
		INR 5 million no CSR Committee is required to be
		constituted. The functions of such Committee provided
		shall, in such cases, be discharged by the Board of Directors
		of such company.
		B. Wherever required, the CSR Committee shall formulate and
		recommend to the Board, an annual action plan in
		pursuance of its CSR policy, which shall include the
		following, namely:-
		a. the list of CSR projects or programmes that are approved
		to be undertaken in areas or subjects specified in
		Schedule VII of the Act;
		b. the manner of execution of such projects or programmes;
		c. the modalities of utilisation of funds and implementation
		schedules for the projects or programmes;
		d. monitoring and reporting mechanism for the projects or
		programmes; and
		e. details of need and impact assessment, if any, for the
		projects undertaken by the company. The Board may alter
		such plan at any time during the financial year, as per the
		recommendation of its CSR Committee, based on the
		reasonable justification to that effect
5.	Decriminalization of CSR	If a company is in default in complying with the provisions of the
	non-compliance	Act related to CSR, the company is now liable to a penalty of
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twice the amount required to be transferred by the company to the fund specified in Schedule VII of the Unspent CSR Account, as the case may be, or INR 10 million, whichever is less, and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a penalty of one-tenth of the amount required to be transferred by the company to such Fund specified in Schedule VII, or the Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account, as the case may be, or INR 200000, whichever is less

It should be noted that this amendment has resulted in decriminalization of CSR non-compliance **by eliminating imprisonment related provisions.**



II. NOTE FOR PROFESSIONALS INVOLVED IN CSR COMPLIANCE

Sr. No.	Particulars	Compliance
1.	CSR Activities and Implementation	A. Ensure the CSR implementing entity is registered as mentioned above and that it has a unique CSR Registration Number (applicable from 01st day of April 2021) B. CSR Reporting: Ensure that the Board's Report of a company liable for CSR compliance includes an annual report on CSR as per prescribed format.
2.	Calculation of Net Profit for the purpose of earmarking CSR Funds	Henceforth, Net Profit for the purpose of determining CSR earmarked funds shall not include : A. Any profit arising from any overseas branch or branches of the company, whether operated as a separate company or otherwise; and B. Any dividend received from other companies in India, which are covered under and complying with the provisions of section 135 of the Act

If you need any assistance in undertaking CSR Compliance, obtaining unique CSR Registration Number of in ensuring your CSR funds are being spent as required under the law, please contact us on octagona.india@octagona.com

5th March, 2021 Pune
